Reinforced with a proprietary synthetic mica, this material exhibits, in addition to its inherent outstanding chemical and hydrolysis resistance, very good mechanical and tribological properties.

Fluorosint 500 has nine times greater resistance to deformation under load than unfilled PTFE. Its coefficient of linear thermal expansion approaches the expansion rate of aluminium and is 1/4 that of virgin PTFE, often eliminating fit and clearance problems. It is considerably harder than virgin PTFE, has better wear characteristics and maintains low frictional properties. Fluorosint 500 enhanced PTFE offers an ideal combination of stability and wear resistance for sealing applications where tight dimensional control is required.

Physical properties (indicative values •)

PROPERTIES	Test methods	Units	VALUES
Colour	-	-	ivory
Density	ISO 1183-1	g/cm³	2.32
Water absorption:	100 1100 1	g/cm	2.02
- after 24/96 h immersion in water of 23 °C (1)	ISO 62	mg	-/-
- alter 24/90 IT III III let Siott III Water of 25 °C (1)	ISO 62	mg %	-/-
- at saturation in air of 23 °C / 50 % RH	150 62	% %	- / - < 0.1
	-	%	
- at saturation in water of 23 °C Thermal Properties (2)	-	%	1.5 - 2.5
. ,,	ISO 11357-1/-3	°C	327
Melting temperature (DSC, 10 °C/min)	ISO 11357-1/-3	°C	321
Glass transition temperature (DSC, 20 °C/min) - (3)	150 11337-17-2		0.77
Thermal conductivity at 23 °C	-	W/(K.m)	0.77
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion:		// 10	
- average value between 23 and 100 °C	-	m/(m.K)	50 x 10 ⁻⁶
- average value between 23 and 150 °C	-	m/(m.K)	55 x 10 ⁻⁶
- average value above 150 °C	-	m/(m.K)	85 x 10 ⁻⁶
Temperature of deflection under load:	100 == 110	00/1	
- method A: 1.8 MPa	ISO 75-1/-2	°C(130
Max. allowable service temperature in air:		7	
- for short periods (4)	-	°C	280
- continuously : for min. 20,000 h (5)	-	°C	260
Min. service temperature (6)	- \	_°C	-20
Flammability (7):	/	17~7	10
- "Oxygen Index"	ISO 4589-1/-2	%	≥ 95
- according to UL 94 (1.5 / 3 mm thickness)	Α-	17	V-0 / V-0
Mechanical Properties at 23 °C (8)	0	0	
Tension test (9):	V //	A.	della
- tensile stress at yield / tensile stress at break (10)	ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	OTTO
- tensile strength (10)	ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	2 7
- tensile strain at yield(10)	ISO 527-1/-2	/ %	5
- tensile strain at break (10)	ISO 527-1/-2	%	15
- tensile modulus of elasticity (11)	ISO 527-1/-2	MPa	1750
Compression test (12):	10	98	
- compressive stress at 1 / 2 / 5 % nominal strain (11)	ISO 604 (MPa	12 / 19 / 25
Charpy impact strength - unnotched (13)	ISO 179-1/1eU	// kJ/m²	8
Charpy impact strength - notched	ISO 179-1/1eA	kJ/m²	4.5
Ball indentation hardness (14)	ISO 2039-1	N/mm²	60
Rockwell hardness (14)	ISO 2039-2	-	R 55
Electrical Properties at 23 °C	0	0	
Electric strength (15)	IEC 60243-1	kV/mm	11
Volume resistivity	IEC 60093	Ohm.cm	> 10 ¹³
Surface resistivity	ANSI/ESD STM 11.11	Ohm/sq.	> 10 ¹³
Relative permittivity ε _r : - at 100 Hz	IEC 60250	-	-
permittivity ε, : - at 1 MHz	IEC 60250	-	2.85
Dielectric dissipation factor tan δ: - at 100 Hz	IEC 60250	-	-
on factor tan 5: - at 1 MHz	IEC 60250	_	0.008
Comparative tracking index (CTI)	IEC 60112		0.000

Leaend:

- According to method 1 of ISO 62 and done on discs Ø 50 mm x 3 (1)
- The figures given for these properties are for the most part derived
- from raw material supplier data and other publications.

 Values for this property are only given here for amorphous materials and for materials that do not show a melting temperature
- Only for short time exposure (a few hours) in applications where no
- or only a very low load is applied to the material.

 Temperature resistance over a period of min. 20,000 hours. After this period of time, there is a decrease in tensile strength measured at 23 °C - of about 50 % as compared with the original

The temperature value given here is thus based on the thermaloxidative degradation which takes place and causes a reduction in properties. Note, however, that the maximum allowable service temperature depends in many cases essentially on the duration and the magnitude of the mechanical stresses to which the material is subjected.

- Impact strength decreasing with decreasing temperature, the minimum allowable service temperature is practically mainly determined by the extent to which the material is subjected to impact. The value given here is based on unfavourable impact conditions and may consequently not be considered as being the absolute practical limit.
- These estimated ratings, derived from raw material supplier data and other publications, are not intended to reflect hazards presented by the material under actual fire conditions. There is no 'UL File Number' available for Fluorosint 500 stock shapes
- (8) Most of the figures given for the mechanical properties of the extruded materials are average values of tests run on dry test specimens machined out of rod Ø 40 - 60 mm. Except for the hardness tests, the test specimens were then taken from an area mid between centre and outside diameter, with their length in longitudinal direction of the rod (parallel to the extrusion direction). Test specimens: Type 1 B
- Test speed: 50 mm/min [chosen acc. to ISO 10350-1 as a function
- of the ductile behaviour of the material (tough or brittle)]
- Test speed: 1 mm/min.
- Test specimens: cylinders Ø 8 mm x 16 mm Pendulum used: 4 J.
- Measured on 10 mm thick test specimens
- Electrode configuration: \varnothing 25 mm / \varnothing 75 mm coaxial cylinders ; in transformer oil according to IEC 60296; 1 mm thick test
- This table, mainly to be used for comparison purposes, is a valuable help in the choice of a material. The data listed here fall within the normal range of product properties. However, they are not guaranteed and they should not be used to establish material specification limits nor used alone as the basis of

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